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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/771,240	01/26/2001	Amit Kumar Sarkhel	EN995038US5	6976
75	90 12/04/2002			
EUGENE LIEBERSTEIN ANDERSON, KILL & OLICK, PC 1251 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS			EXAMINER IP, SIKYIN	
			1742 DATE MAILED: 12/04/2002	7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Group Art Uni	t
—The MAILING DATE of this communication appea	ars on the cover shee	t beneath the correspondence	address—
P riod for Reply	77		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET T OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	O EXPIRE	MONTH(S) FROM THE M	IAILING DATE
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a real find period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state 	eply within the statutory min	nimum of thirty (30) days will be considered the mailing date of this communic	dered timely.
Status			
\square Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\frac{9/3}{6}$	2		
This action is FINAL.			*
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 193	t for formal matters, pr e 35 C.D. 1 1; 453 O.G. 2	osecution as to the merits is c	closed in
Disp _. sition of Claims			
Claim(s) R - 10, 13, 14	is/are pending in the a	is/are pending in the application.	
Of the above claim(s)			
Claim(a)			
		is/are rejected.	•
☐ Claim(s)			
□ Claim(s)	•	-	
		requirement.	
Application Papers			
	a Bayiaw PTO-049		
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing	-	□ disapproved.	
	is 🗆 approved		
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing ☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗆 approved		
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 □ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing □ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is approved ted to by the Examiner ander 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a) the priority documents er)	n)-(d). have been Rule 1 7.2(a)).	
□ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing □ The proposed drawing correction, filed on □ The drawing(s) filed on □ is/are object □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under All □ Some* □ None of the CERTIFIED copies of to received. □ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number received in this national stage application from the Inter *Certified copies not received: Attachment(s)	is approved ted to by the Examiner ander 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a) the priority documents er)	n)-(d). have been Rule 1 7.2(a)).	
□ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing □ The proposed drawing correction, filed on □ The drawing(s) filed on □ is/are object □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority un □ All □ Some* □ None of the CERTIFIED copies of to received. □ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number of the Certified copies not received: *Certified copies not received:	is approved ted to by the Examiner ander 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(athe priority documents er)emational Bureau (PCT	n)-(d). have been Rule 1 7.2(a)).	eation, PTO-152

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321© may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 8-10, 13, and 14 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 12-17 of U.S. Patent No. 5730932 to Sarkhel et al. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claimed steps and solder composition overlap the steps and solder composition of cited patent.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining

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obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 8-9 and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over USP 5439639 to Vianco in view of USP Re. 33197 to Deambrosio, USP Re. 32982 to O'Rourke, or USP 5361969 to Gileta.
- 6. The Vianco reference(s) disclose(s) the features including the claimed Sn-Ag-Bi solder composition (col. 5, lines 23-45) and wave soldering method (col. 1, lines 15-
- 47). The difference between the reference(s) and the claims are as follows: Vianco does not disclose the wave soldering setup. However, Deambrosio (abstract), O'Rourke (col. 1, lines 23-65), or Gileta (col. 1, lines 51-68) disclose(s) wave soldering setup in the same field of endeavor or the analogous metallurgical art. Therefore, as is evident by cited references that the claimed solder composition and wave soldering methods are known in the art of cited references.

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7. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over references as applied to claims above, and further in view of Kattner et al.

8. The claimed subject matter as is disclosed and rejected above by the cited reference(s) except for higher Bi content. Vianco in col. 2, lines 38-51 discloses higher Bi content is known in the plumbing art for a large pasty range. Kattner in page 603, left col. discloses Sn-Bi-Ag solder system is known in the art for electronic applications. In page 608, Figure 7 Kattner discloses liquidus surface and solidus surface of Sn-Bi-Ag system in the same field of endeavor or the analogous metallurgical art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of the cited references at the time the invention was made to adjust the result effective variable such as Bi content for a desirable melting temperature range. It has been well settled that selecting a range in a known range by optimization for the best results is within ambit of ordinary skill artisan, see In re Aller, et al., 105 USPQ 233 and *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 276, 205 USPQ 215, 219 (CCPA 1980).

Response to Arguments

- 9. Applicant's arguments filed September 3, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 10. Applicants argue that Vianco teaches away from the claimed solder composition. But, the solder alloy at col. 5, line 39 of Vianco is anticipated the

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claimed solder composition. It is well settled that the teaching of a reference is not limited to preferred embodiments. All disclosures of prior art, including unpreferred embodiments, must be considered in determining obviousness. See In re Boe, 148 USPQ 507, 510 (CCPA 1966) and In re Siebentbritt, 152 USPQ 618. Moreover, under 35 USC § 103, a reference must be considered not only for what it expressly teaches, but also for what it fairly suggests. In re Lamberti, 545 F.2d 747, 192 USPQ 278 (CCPA 1976); In re Simon, 59 CCPA 1140, 461 F.2d 1387, 174 USPQ 114 (1972); In re Mills, 470 F.2d 649, 176 USPQ 196 (CCPA 1972); and In re Heck, 699 F.2d 1331, 1333, 216 USPQ 1038, 1039 (Fed. Cir. 1983).

Conclusion

11. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

The above rejection relies on the reference(s) for all the teachings expressed in the text(s) of the references and/or one of ordinary skill in the metallurgical art would have reasonably understood or implied from the text(s) of the reference(s). To emphasize certain aspect(s) of the prior art, only specific portion(s) of the text(s) have been pointed out. Each reference as a whole should be reviewed in responding

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to the rejection, since other sections of the same reference and/or various combination of the cited references may be relied on in future rejection(s) in view of amendment(s).

All recited limitations in the instant claims have been meet by the rejections as set forth above.

Applicant is reminded that when amendment and/or revision is required, applicant should therefore specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See MPEP § 2163.06 (a) and 37 C.F.R. § 1.119.

Examiner Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to S. Ip whose telephone number is (703) 308-2542. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 5:30 A.M. to 2:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Roy V. King, can be reached on (703)-308-1146.

The facsimile phone numbers are (703) 872-9310 (non-final Official Paper only), (703) 872-9311 (after-final Official Paper only), and (703) 305-7719 (Unofficial Paper only). When filing a FAX in Technology Center 1700, please indicate in the Header (upper right) "Official" for papers that are to be entered into the file, and "Unofficial" for draft documents and other communication with the PTO that are not for entry into the file of the application. This will expedite processing of your papers.

SIKYIN IP PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 1742

S. Ip December 2, 2002